



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

ease, and until a written permit is given, neither books nor magazines shall be allowed to be taken or returned from the dwelling where such cases exist.

SEC. 10. Whenever there shall occur in the city of Perth Amboy a case of cholera, smallpox, varioloid, diphtheria, or membranous croup, yellow fever, typhus fever, or scarlet fever, the board of health or its authorized agent may place upon the house or houses in which said case or cases are confined one or more placards stating that a case of contagious disease exists within the house, and no person or persons shall remove said placard or placards without authority of said board of health.

SEC. 11. Whenever a placard shall be placed on a house as provided in section 10 of this article, no person or persons except the medical attendant and nurses shall enter therein or depart therefrom without a permit of the board of health or its authorized agent.

SEC. 12. Any undertaker who shall visit any house which is quarantined for the purpose of preparing a body for burial or for arranging for a funeral must first obtain permission from the board of health or its authorized agent: *Provided, however,* That any undertaker upon application to said board may, on such terms as said board may prescribe, be granted a standing permit allowing him to visit quarantined premises for the above purposes on condition that he notify the board of health of such visit or visits as soon as possible.

SEC. 13. In case a coach, hack, cab, carriage, or other vehicle used for the purpose of conveying passengers shall convey a patient suffering from a contagious disease, said coach, hack, cab, carriage, or other vehicle shall be disinfected under the directions of the board of health before being used again.

SEC. 14. Every veterinary surgeon who is called to examine or professionally attend any animal within the city of Perth Amboy having the glanders or farcy, or any contagious disease, shall within 24 hours thereafter report in writing to the board of health as follows: First, the location of such diseased animal; second, the name and address of the owner thereof; third, the type and character of the disease.

SEC. 15. The quarantine for scarlet fever shall not be removed, nor shall any person affected with scarlet fever, isolated by the board of health or health officer, leave the apartment, house, or place in which he is so isolated or ordered to be isolated without the permission of the health officer or board of health until the desquamation of the patient shall be complete, nor shall the keeper of any hotel, tavern, boarding house, or public house or the owner or occupant of any private residence or apartment where any person may be sick with scarlet fever, allow any lodgers, customers, or other persons to visit same in violation of such quarantine or without the permission of the health officer or board of health until the desquamation of the patient shall be complete, and the premises have been properly disinfected in accordance with article 11, section 7, of this code, and the desquamation of any scarlet fever patient shall not be considered complete in less than four weeks from the date of the physician's notice of the existence of the disease.

SEC. 16. In case the physician attending the scarlet fever patient reports that the case is ready for release from quarantine within five weeks from the inception of the disease, the board of health reserves the right to order the health officer or a physician to determine the presence or absence of desquamation and the quarantine shall be maintained as aforesaid until such determination is made.

Foodstuffs—Production, Care, and Sale. (Reg. Bd. of H., Sept. 17, 1913.)

ARTICLE 1. SEC. 18. Every building, room, basement or cellar occupied or used as a bakery, confectionery, cannery, packing house, slaughter house, dairy, creamery, cheese factory, restaurant, hotel, grocery, meat market, fish market, or other place or apartment used for the production, manufacture, preparation, packing, storage, or distribution of food intended for sale or distribution, shall be properly lighted, drained,

plumbed and ventilated, and the operations carried on in such building, room, basement or cellar shall be conducted in such a manner that the purity and wholesomeness of the food therein produced, manufactured, prepared, packed, stored, sold or distributed shall not be impaired.

SEC. 19. The floors, ceilings, side walls, furniture, receptacles, implements and machinery of every establishment or place where food intended for distribution or sale is produced, manufactured, prepared, packed, stored, sold or distributed and all cars, trucks, vehicles used in transportation of such food products, shall at no time be kept in an unclean or insanitary condition. All food intended for distribution or sale in the process of production, manufacture, preparation, packing, storing, sale, distribution or transportation shall be securely protected from flies, dust, dirt and, so far as the same is possible, by the use of all reasonable means, from all other foreign or injurious contamination; the refuse, dirt and waste products subject to decomposition or fermentation incident to the production, manufacture, preparation, packing, storing, sale, distribution or transportation of food, shall be removed daily. The clothing worn by all operatives, employees, clerks and other persons while engaged in work in any of the places where food intended for sale or distribution is produced, manufactured, prepared, packed, stored, sold, distributed or transported shall be in a clean condition at all times. No person shall transport any such foods in such manner that the purity or wholesomeness thereof shall be in any wise impaired.

SEC. 20. The side walls of every bakery, confectionery, creamery, cheese factory, hotel or restaurant kitchen shall be well plastered, wainscoted, or ceiled with metal or lumber, and shall be oil-painted or kept well lime-washed and all interior wood work in every bakery, confectionery, creamery, cheese factory, hotel or restaurant kitchen shall be kept well oiled or painted with oil paint and shall be kept washed clean with soap and water; and every building, room, basement, or cellar occupied or used for the preparation, manufacture, packing, storage, sale, or distribution of food intended for distribution or sale in which food is exposed shall have a tight floor of cement or of tile laid in cement, brick, wood, or other suitable material which can be flushed or washed clean with water.

SEC. 21. All operatives, employees, clerks or other persons who handle the material from which food intended for distribution or sale is prepared, or the finished product, before beginning work and after visiting the toilet, shall wash their hands and arms thoroughly with clean water and soap, and every owner or manager of any place in which food is produced, manufactured, prepared, packed, stored, distributed, or sold shall provide adequate facilities for such washing; and it shall be the duty of every such owner or manager to take all reasonable means to compel all operatives, employees, clerks, or other persons handling the material from which such food is prepared, or the finished product, to perform such washing as aforesaid.

SEC. 22. All toilets, lavatories, and wash rooms shall be separate and apart from the room or rooms where any processes incident to the production, manufacture, preparation, packing, storing, sale, or distribution of such food are carried on, and such toilets, lavatories, and wash rooms shall, at all times, be kept in a clean and sanitary condition.

ART. 7. SECTION 1. No meat, fish, cakes, bread, vegetables, fruit, or other food than that which is healthy, fresh, sound, wholesome, and safe for human food shall be brought into, or offered or held for sale or sold as such food, in the city of Perth Amboy.

* * * * *

SEC. 10. All refrigerators or ice boxes maintained in any butcher shop or other mercantile business carried on in the city of Perth Amboy shall be opened at all times when said business is being carried on to inspection by this Board of Health or an authorized agent. No person engaged in any such mercantile business shall allow any animal or vegetable matter which is foul or which is in a state of decay to remain

within said refrigerator or ice box, nor shall the said refrigerator or ice box be allowed to become foul or malodorous, thorough the lack of proper cleaning and disinfecting.

* * * * *

SEC. 19. Fruits, vegetables, meats and other food products shall not be displayed or exposed on the sidewalk, or outside of places of business unless such foods are securely covered by cases of glass, wood, or metal or unless they are inclosed in tight barrels, bags, or boxes: *Provided, however,* That this rule shall not apply to fruits or vegetables which must necessarily be peeled before use, but such foods, when displayed outdoors, must be supported on platforms at least 18 inches above the surface of the sidewalk or ground.

SEC. 20. Prepared foodstuffs, such as bakers' goods, confectionery, shelled nuts, etc.; dried fruits, such as dates, figs, peaches, prunes, apricots, etc.; cereal products, such as tapioca, breakfast foods, etc.; pickled products such as pickles, chili sauce, etc.; fruit products, such as apple butter, jellies, jams, etc.; meat products, such as dried, salted, or smoked fish, veal loaf, pickled pigs' feet, chipped beef, boiled ham, mince meat, or other foods prepared for eating, or subject to the attacks of worms or flies, shall not be displayed for sale unless protected from flies, dust, and dirt and all foreign and injurious contamination by suitable coverings of glass, wood, or metal.

ART. 9. SECTION. 1. No meat, fish, bird, fowl, vegetables, fruits, or any other foods not being in a sound, wholesome condition and safe for human food, shall be brought into this city or sold or offered for sale.

SEC. 2. No milk which has been adulterated, watered, reduced, or changed by any substance, or by the removal of cream, shall be brought into or offered for sale within the limits of this city.

SEC. 3. No butter, nor any food or drink which has been exposed to the emanation or infection of any communicable disease, shall be offered for sale or sold in this city.

SEC. 4. No person or persons or corporation shall make, offer, or sell any adulterated drug or medicine, or sell any poisonous medicine or decoction except for lawful purposes by competent persons.

SEC. 5. No impure ice shall be brought into, sold, or offered for sale or delivered in this city.

SEC. 6. It shall be unlawful to sell, offer for sale, or hold for the purpose of sale, any food or drug whose standard of strength, quality, and purity has been lowered or reduced, or to which any substance normally foreign to it has been added; provided that it shall be lawful to sell, offer for sale, or hold for the purpose of sale any such food or drug whose standard of strength, quality, and purity has been lowered or reduced or to which a foreign substance has been added, provided that its own standard of strength, quality, and purity is plainly declared upon the label or in case of the sale of bulk goods without a label that this standard is conspicuously declared on placards in the place of sale with the proviso that no substance which is dangerous to the public health or not in conformity with the State or Federal statutes may be added to any food product.

* * * * *

ART. 10. SEC. 4. No cattle, sheep, or swine shall be killed for human food unless such cattle, sheep, or swine shall have passed an examination by the food inspector or some other person designated by the board, and no viscera shall be removed from any slaughtered animal except in the presence of the said inspector or person designated by the board. No calf which shall be less than 4 weeks old, no pig which shall be less than 5 weeks old, and no lamb which shall be less than 8 weeks old, shall be killed for human food or shall be kept or offered for sale or sold to be killed for human food other than of such ages, respectively.

SEC. 5. It shall be unlawful to sell, offer for sale, or hold for the purpose of sale, the flesh of any cattle, sheep, or swine which does not bear the stamp of Federal or State inspection or the stamp of inspection of the board of health of Perth Amboy or of a

municipality maintaining the same standard of purity and quality as the city of Perth Amboy.

SEC. 6. No cattle, sheep, or swine shall be slaughtered at any time other than between the hours of 7 a. m. and 5. p. m. on each day, Sunday excepted, except by special permit of this board.

Milk and Milk Products—Production, Care, and Sale. (Reg. Bd. of H., Sept. 17, 1913.)

ART. 7. SEC. 2. Every person or persons, firm or corporation who now is or shall be engaged in the sale or exposure for sale of milk within the city of Perth Amboy shall furnish the board of health of the city of Perth Amboy, when and as often as may be required by said board or its agent with a true and complete statement as to the locality from which the milk, cream or ice cream sold or exposed for sale is produced; also a full and complete list of persons from whom said milk, cream or ice cream is purchased and the names and addresses of all persons to whom regularly selling or delivering milk, cream or ice cream within said city; and if at any time after such statements and lists have been furnished the locality from which said milk, cream or ice cream is produced, or the person or persons, firm or corporation from which said milk, cream or ice cream is purchased be changed, said board shall be notified immediately.

SEC. 3. No milk shall be sold or exposed for sale in the city of Perth Amboy, except milk from cows stabled under light, dry, and well-ventilated conditions, and in all other respects conforming to the requirements hereinafter set forth, viz:

(a) Each cow shall have at least 3 feet in width of floor space when fastened in stallion and in all cases where no adequate artificial means of ventilation are provided each animal shall have an air space of at least 500 cubic feet.

(b) All stables for the shelter of said cattle shall be provided with a tight dry floor. The manure drop shall be water-tight.

(c) The walls and ceilings of said stables shall be whitewashed at least twice a year or oftener as may be deemed necessary by the board of health.

(d) No manure, garbage or other putrescible matter shall be allowed within 50 feet of any cow stable, milk house or cooling room and said manure shall be removed at least once a week and the drainage from said place shall be such that no article or waste can collect within said distance of cow stable, milk house, or cooling room.

(e) Cattle shall at all times be kept in a clean condition and udders shall be washed, or wiped with a clean damp cloth before milking.

(f) No milk shall be sold or offered for sale or distributed in the city of Perth Amboy, unless the cows from which it is obtained have, within six months, been examined by a competent veterinarian and are free from disease dangerous to the public health. But this shall not be construed as forbidding the sale of milk from cows not tested with tuberculin up to January 1, 1915.

(g) No milk shall be sold or offered for sale or distributed in the city of Perth Amboy, obtained from any cow that has calved within 5 days, or from a cow within 15 days before the normal time of calving.

SEC. 4. No milk shall hereafter be sold or offered for sale or exchanged in the city of Perth Amboy, which shall be produced in dairies having a rating below 60 per cent as based in the score card adopted by the board of health of the State of New Jersey and produced from cattle fed and watered under the following conditions: All food given to such cattle shall be fresh, sweet, and wholesome. The use of either distillery slops or fermented brewers' grain is prohibited and their presence on any dairy premises will be considered sufficient cause for exclusion of the milk from such dairy from sale or delivery in this city. Water supplied to cattle shall be pure and free from all con-